Find
$$[f \circ g](x)$$
 and $[g \circ f](x)$.

10.
$$f(x) = 2x + 1$$

 $g(x) = 4x - 5$

SOLUTION:

$$f[g(x)] = 2(4x-5)+1$$

$$= 8x-10+1$$

$$= 8x-9$$

$$g[f(x)] = 4(2x+1)-5$$

$$= 8x+4-5$$

$$= 8x-1$$

ANSWER:

$$[f \circ g](x) = 8x - 9$$
$$[g \circ f](x) = 8x - 1$$

13.
$$\frac{f(x) = 4x}{g(x) = 5x - 1}$$

SOLUTION:

$$f[g(x)] = 4(5x-1)$$
$$= 20x-4$$
$$g[f(x)] = 5(4x)-1$$
$$= 20x-1$$

ANSWER:

$$[f \circ g](x) = 20x - 4$$
$$[g \circ f](x) = 20x - 1$$

Find the inverse of each function. Then graph the function and its inverse.

17.
$$f(x) = 5x - 6$$

SOLUTION:

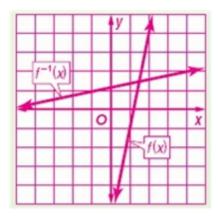
Rewrite f(x) as y = 5x - 6. Interchange the variables and solve for y.

$$x = 5y - 6$$
$$-5y = -x - 6$$
$$y = \frac{x + 6}{5}$$

Replace y with
$$f^{-1}(x)$$
.

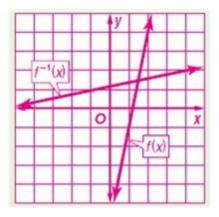
$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+6}{5}$$

Graph the function and its inverse in the same coordinate plane.



ANSWER:

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+6}{5}$$



18.
$$f(x) = -3x - 5$$

SOLUTION:

Rewrite f(x) as y = -3x - 5. Interchange the variables and solve for y.

$$x = -3y - 5$$

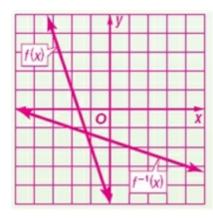
$$3y = -x - 5$$

$$y = \frac{x+5}{-3}$$

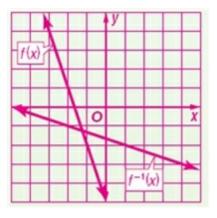
Replace *y* with $f^{-1}(x)$. $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{-3}$

$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{-3}$$

Graph the function and its inverse in the same coordinate plane.



$$f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+5}{-3}$$



19.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$$

SOLUTION:

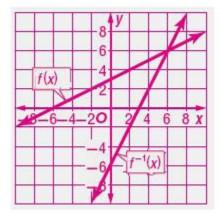
Rewrite f(x) as $y = \frac{1}{2}x + 3$. Interchange the variables and solve for y.

$$x = \frac{1}{2}y + 3$$
$$-\frac{1}{2}y = -x + 3$$
$$y = 2x - 6$$

Replace y with $f^{-1}(x)$.

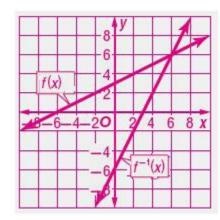
$$f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 6$$

Graph the function and its inverse in the same coordinate plane.



ANSWER:

$$f^{-1}(x) = 2x - 6$$



Graph each function. State the domain and range.

33.
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x-7}$$

SOLUTION:

Identify the domain.

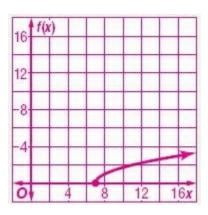
Write the radicand as greater than or equal to 0.

$$x-7 \ge 0$$

$$x \ge 7$$

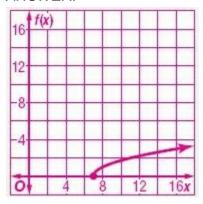
Make a table of values for $x \ge 7$ and graph the function.

x	y
7	0
8	1
9	1.41
10	1.73
11	2
12	2.23



The domain is $\{x \mid x \ge 7\}$, and the range is $\{f(x) \mid f(x) \ge 0\}$.

ANSWER:



$$D = \{x \mid x \ge 7\}; R = \{f(x) \mid f(x) \ge 0\}$$

34.
$$f(x) = \sqrt{x+5} - 3$$

SOLUTION:

Identify the domain.

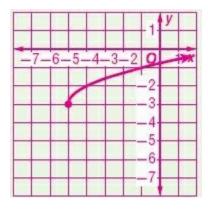
Write the radicand as greater than or equal to 0.

$$x+5 \ge 0$$

$$x \ge -5$$

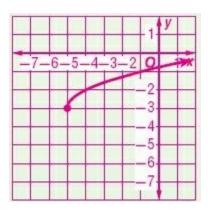
Make a table of values for $x \ge -5$ and graph the function.

х	у
-5	-3
-4	-2
-3	-1.59
-2	-1.27
-1	-1
0	-0.76



The domain is $\{x \mid x \ge -5\}$, and the range is $\{f(x) \mid f(x) \ge -3\}$.

ANSWER:



$$D = \{x \mid x^3 - 5\}; R = \{f(x) \mid f(x)^3 - 3\}$$

35.
$$f(x) = \frac{3}{4}\sqrt{x-1} + 5$$

SOLUTION:

Identify the domain.

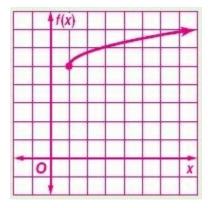
Write the radicand as greater than or equal to 0.

$$x-1 \ge 0$$

$$x \ge 1$$

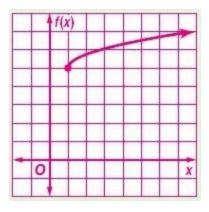
Make a table of values for $x \ge 1$ and graph the function.

x	y
1	5
2	5.75
3	6.06
4	6.30
5	6.5
6	6.68



The domain is $\{x \mid x \ge -1\}$, and the range is $\{f(x) \mid f(x) \ge 5\}$.

ANSWER:



$$D = \{x \mid x \ge 1\}; R = \{f(x) \mid f(x) \ge 5\}$$

36.
$$f(x) = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x+4} - 1$$

SOLUTION:

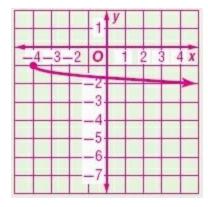
Identify the domain.

Write the radicand as greater than or equal to 0.

$$x + 4 \ge 0$$
$$x \ge -4$$

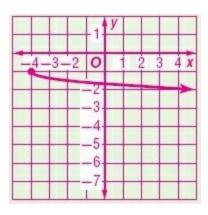
Make a table of values for $x \ge -4$ and graph the function.

х	y
-4	-1
-3	-1.33
-2	-1.47
-1	-1.58
0	-1.67
1	-1.75



The domain is $\{x \mid x \ge -4\}$, and the range is $\{f(x) \mid f(x) \le -1\}$.

ANSWER:



$$D = \{x \mid x \ge -4\}; R = \{f(x) \mid f(x) \le -1\}$$

Simplify.

45.
$$\sqrt[6]{(x^2+2)^{18}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\int_{0}^{6} (x^{2} + 2)^{18} = (x^{2} + 2)^{\frac{18}{6}}$$

$$= (x^{2} + 2)^{3}$$

$$(x^2+2)^3$$

46.
$$\sqrt[3]{27(x+3)^3}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt[3]{27(x+3)^3} = \sqrt[3]{3^3(x+3)^3}$$
$$= 3(x+3)$$

ANSWER:

$$3(x + 3)$$

47.
$$\sqrt[4]{a^8b^{12}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt[4]{a^8b^{12}} = \sqrt[4]{(a^2)^4(b^3)^4}$$
$$= a^2|b^3|$$

ANSWER:

$$a^{2}|b^{3}|$$

48.
$$\sqrt[5]{243x^{10}y^{25}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt[5]{243x^{10}y^{25}} = \sqrt[5]{3^5(x^2)^5(y^5)^5}$$
$$= 3x^2y^5$$

$$3x^2y^5$$

49. **PHYSICS** The velocity v of an object can be defined as $v = \sqrt{\frac{2K}{m}}$,

where m is the mass of an object and K is the kinetic energy in joules. Find the velocity in meters per second of an object with a mass of 17 grams and a kinetic energy of 850 joules.

SOLUTION:

Substitute 17 for *m* and 850 for *K* in the formula and solve for *v*:

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{2(850)}{17}}$$
$$= \sqrt{100}$$
$$= 10$$

The velocity of the object is 10 m/s.

ANSWER:

 $10 \, \text{m/s}$

Simplify.

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt[3]{54} = \sqrt[3]{3^3(2)}$$
$$= 3\sqrt[3]{2}$$

ANSWER:

$$3\sqrt[3]{2}$$

51.
$$\sqrt{144a^3b^5}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt{144a^3b^5} = \sqrt{\left(12ab^2\right)^2 ab}$$
$$= 12ab^2 \sqrt{ab}$$

$$12ab^2\sqrt{ab}$$

52.
$$4\sqrt{6y} \cdot 3\sqrt{7x^2y}$$

SOLUTION:

$$4\sqrt{6y} \cdot 3\sqrt{7x^2y} = 12\sqrt{6y(7x^2y)}$$
$$= 12\sqrt{42x^2y^2}$$
$$= 12|x|y\sqrt{42}$$

ANSWER:

$$12|x|y\sqrt{42}$$

53.
$$6\sqrt{72} + 7\sqrt{98} - \sqrt{50}$$

SOLUTION:

$$6\sqrt{72} + 7\sqrt{98} - \sqrt{50} = 6\sqrt{36 \cdot 2} + 7\sqrt{49 \cdot 2} - \sqrt{25 \cdot 2}$$
$$= 36\sqrt{2} + 49\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2}$$
$$= (36 + 49 - 5)\sqrt{2}$$
$$= 80\sqrt{2}$$

ANSWER:

 $80\sqrt{2}$

54.
$$(6\sqrt{5}-2\sqrt{2})(3\sqrt{5}+4\sqrt{2})$$

SOLUTION:

$$(6\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{2})(3\sqrt{5} + 4\sqrt{2}) = 18 \cdot 5 + 24\sqrt{10} - 6\sqrt{10} - 8 \cdot 2$$
$$= 74 + 18\sqrt{10}$$

$$74 + 18\sqrt{10}$$

Simplify each expression.

59.
$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$x^{\frac{1}{2}} \cdot x^{\frac{2}{3}} = x^{\frac{1}{2} + \frac{2}{3}}$$
$$= x^{\frac{3+4}{6}}$$
$$= x^{\frac{7}{6}}$$

ANSWER:

$$x^{\frac{7}{6}}$$

60.
$$m^{-\frac{3}{4}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$m^{-\frac{3}{4}} = \frac{1}{m^{\frac{3}{4}}} \cdot \frac{m^{\frac{1}{4}}}{m^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$
$$= \frac{m^{\frac{1}{4}}}{m}$$

$$\frac{m^{\frac{1}{4}}}{m}$$

61.
$$\frac{d^{\frac{1}{6}}}{d^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\frac{d^{\frac{1}{6}}}{d^{\frac{3}{4}}} = d^{\frac{1}{6} - \frac{3}{4}}$$

$$= d^{-\frac{7}{12}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{d^{\frac{7}{12}}} \cdot \frac{d^{\frac{5}{12}}}{d^{\frac{5}{12}}}$$

$$= \frac{d^{\frac{5}{12}}}{d}$$

ANSWER:

$$\frac{d^{\frac{5}{12}}}{d}$$

Simplify each expression.

62.
$$\frac{1}{y^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\frac{1}{y^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{1}{y^{\frac{1}{4}}} \cdot \frac{y^{\frac{3}{4}}}{y^{\frac{3}{4}}}$$
$$= \frac{y^{\frac{3}{4}}}{y}$$

$$\frac{y^{\frac{3}{4}}}{y}$$

63. $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{729}}$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{729}} = \sqrt[3]{27}$$

$$= \sqrt[3]{3^3}$$

$$= 3$$

ANSWER:

3

$$64. \ \frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}}$$

SOLUTION:

$$\frac{x^{\frac{2}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{3}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = x^{\frac{2}{3}}x^{-\frac{1}{3}} - x^{\frac{1}{3}}x^{-\frac{1}{3}}y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$
$$= x^{\frac{1}{3}} - y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

ANSWER:

$$x^{\frac{1}{3}} - y^{\frac{2}{3}}$$

Solve each equation.

66.
$$\sqrt{x-3} + 5 = 15$$

SOLUTION:

$$\sqrt{x-3} + 5 = 15$$
$$\left(\sqrt{x-3}\right)^2 = 10^2$$
$$x - 3 = 100$$
$$x = 103$$

ANSWER:

103

68.
$$4 + \sqrt{3x - 1} = 8$$

SOLUTION:

$$4 + \sqrt{3x - 1} = 8$$
$$\left(\sqrt{3x - 1}\right)^2 = 4^2$$
$$3x - 1 = 16$$

$$3x = 17$$

$$x = \frac{17}{3}$$

ANSWER:

$$\frac{17}{3}$$

70.
$$\sqrt{2x+3} = 3$$

SOLUTION:

$$\left(\sqrt{2x+3}\right)^2 = 3^2$$
$$2x+3=9$$
$$x=3$$

ANSWER:

3

71.
$$(x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} = -3$$

SOLUTION:

$$(x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} = -3$$

$$\left((x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \right)^4 = (-3)^4$$

$$x + 1 = 81$$

$$x = 80$$

CHECK:

$$(x+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} = -3$$

$$(80+1)^{\frac{1}{4}} \stackrel{?}{=} -3$$

$$\sqrt[4]{81} \stackrel{?}{=} -3$$

$$3 \neq -3$$

no solution

ANSWER:

no solution

72.
$$a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4 = 0$$

SOLUTION:

$$a^{\frac{1}{3}} - 4 = 0$$

$$\left(a^{\frac{1}{3}}\right)^3 = 4^3$$

$$a = 64$$

ANSWER:

64

73.
$$3(3x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}-6=0$$

SOLUTION:

$$3(3x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}-6=0$$

$$3(3x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}}=6$$

$$\left((3x-1)^{\frac{1}{3}} \right)^3 = 2^3$$

$$3x - 1 = 8$$

$$x = 3$$

ANSWER:

3